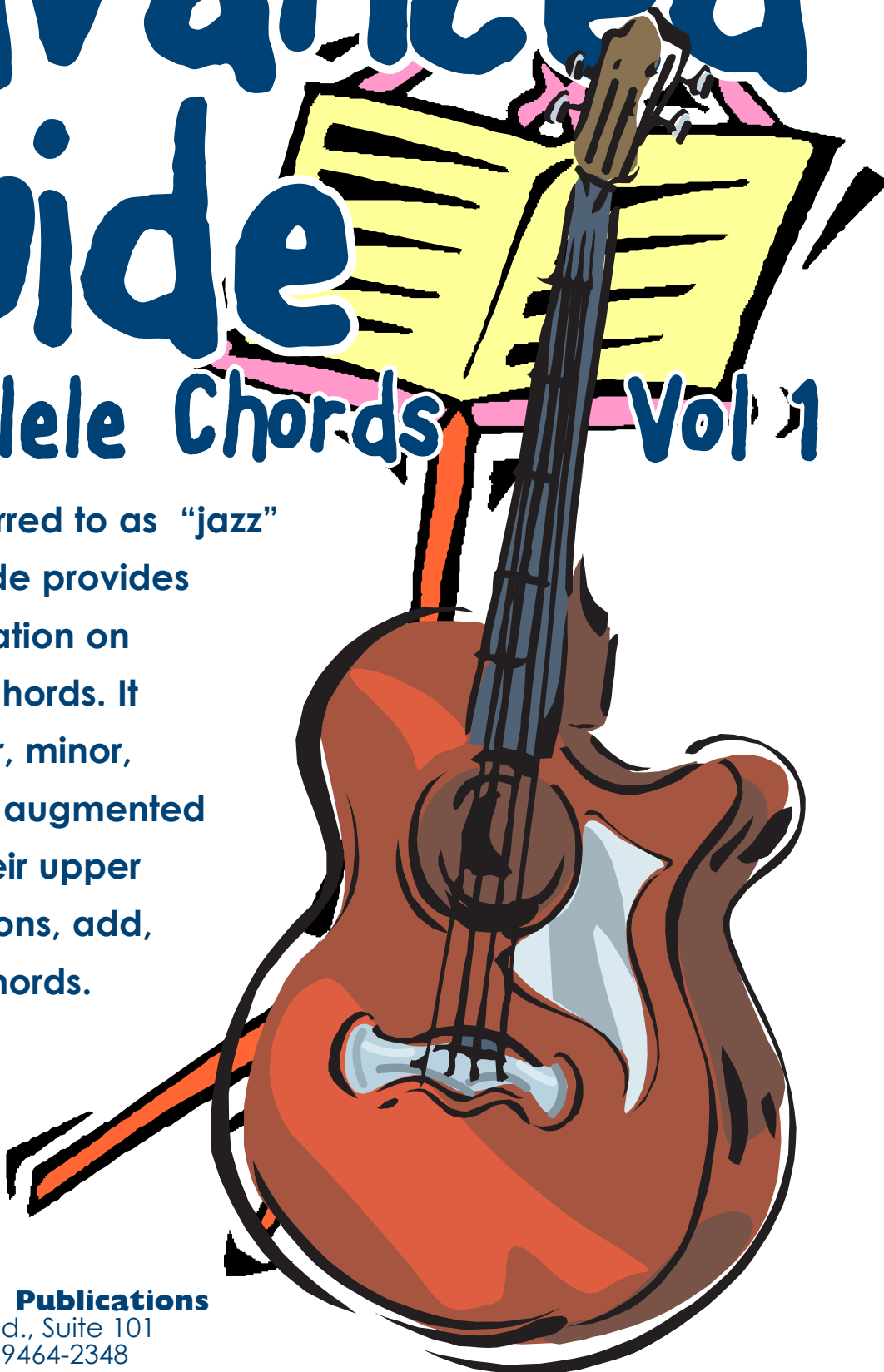


the Advanced Guide to Ukulele Chords Vol 1



Commonly referred to as “jazz” chords, this guide provides detailed information on voicing 4-part chords. It covers all major, minor, diminished and augmented chord types, their upper partials, alterations, add, sus and slash chords.

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The Advanced Guide to Ukulele Chords Volume I

by Curt Sheller



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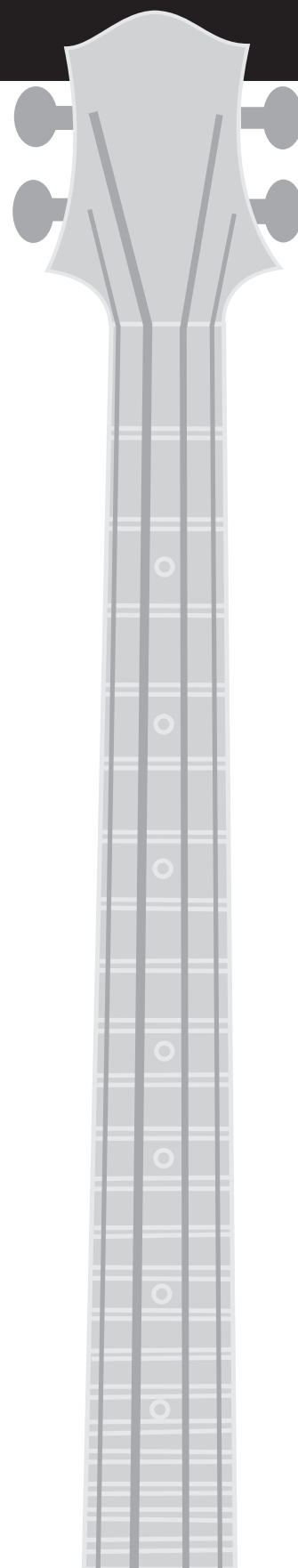
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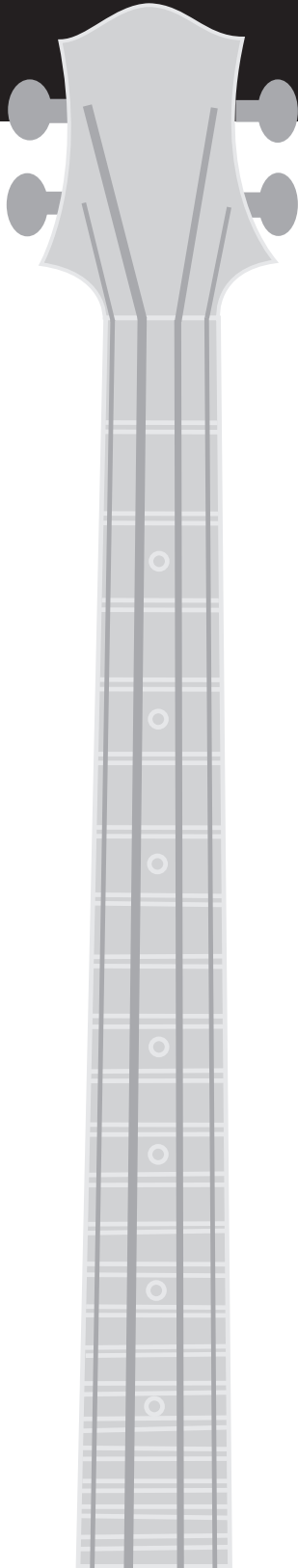
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Forward

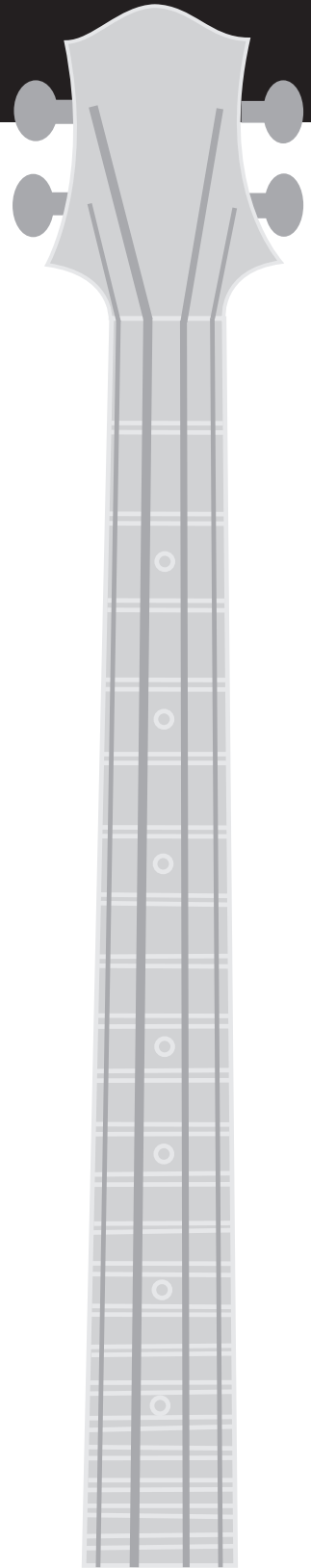
Beyond learning basic Ukulele chords most players struggle with advanced chords. Commonly called “jazz” chords, these more sophisticated voicings find a wide use in all forms of music. They are equally adept to the Ukulele as the Guitar

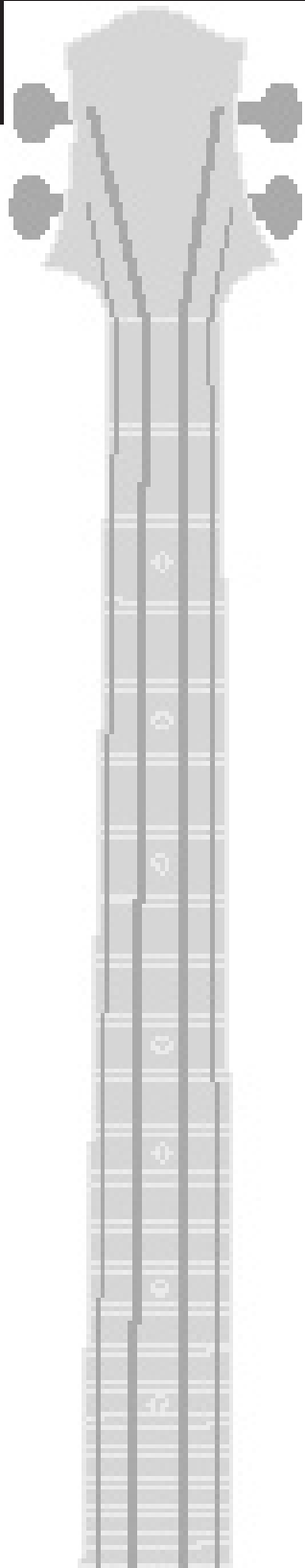
Each volume of The Advanced Guide to Ukulele Chords presents a highly organized and efficient approach to the mysterious subject of advanced chords. Chord dictionaries are not the answer. Even chord theory does not offer any insight into unraveling the complexity of Ukulele chord voicings.

If your goal is to expand your chord vocabulary, The Advanced Guide to Ukulele Chords is your answer.

Curt Sheller







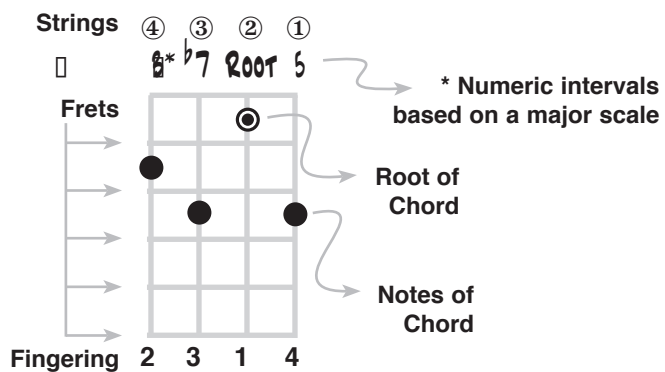
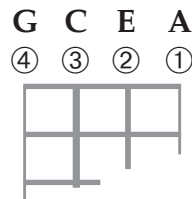
Introduction

Chords can be categorized into four chord types; Major, Minor, Diminished and Augmented. Four-part chords can be voiced across the four strings of the Ukulele.

Chord notation is an inexact science. Some of the more common chord notations are shown throughout the book.

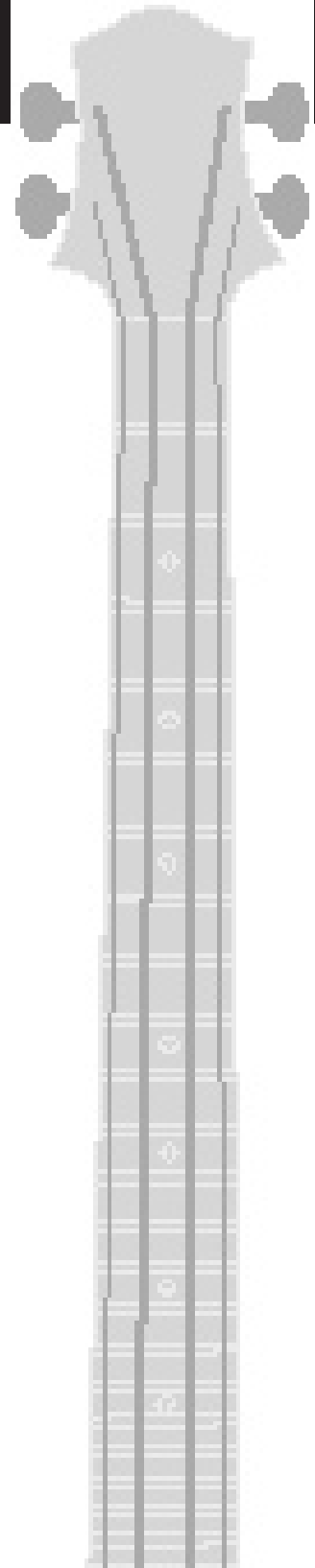
All chords presented can be played on a standard “C”, “D” or “G” tuned four string Ukulele.

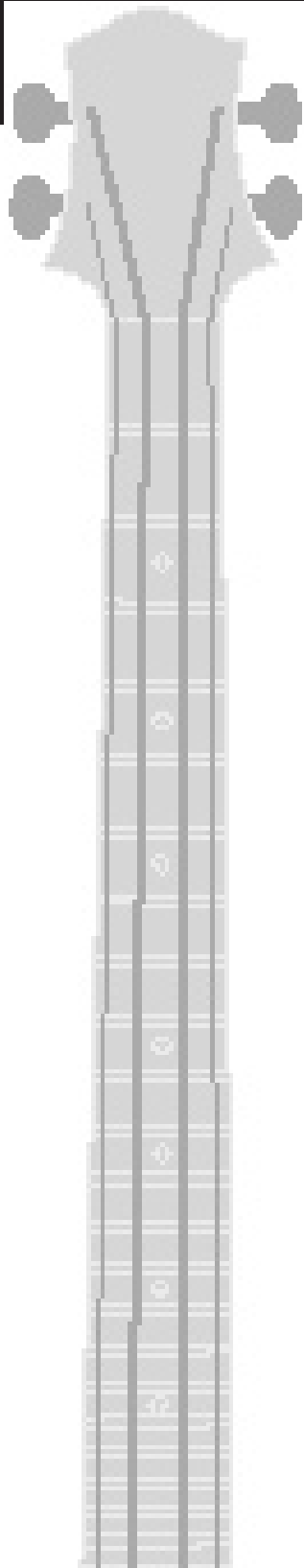
Chord Diagram Model



All fingerings are recommended and but not mandatory.







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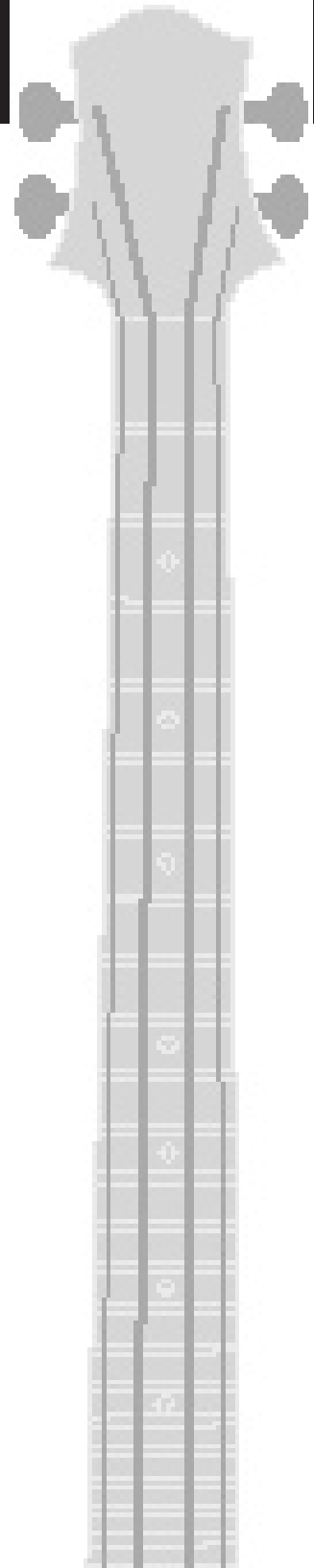
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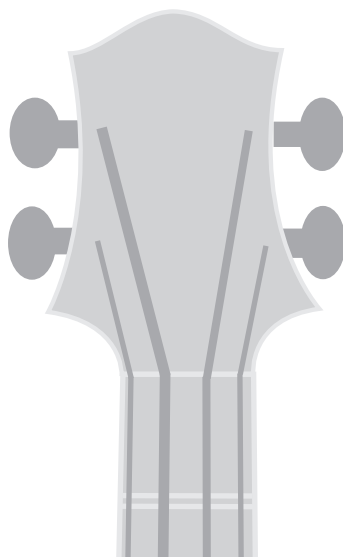




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4-Part Major Chord Types



Seventh Chords



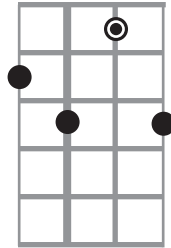
④ ③ ② ①

1234

7th

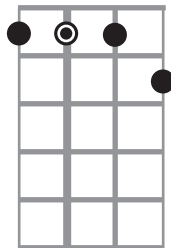
⊙ = Root of chord

♭ 3 ♭7 ROOT 5



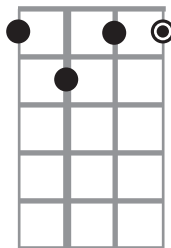
*2 3 1 4

5 ROOT 3 ♭7



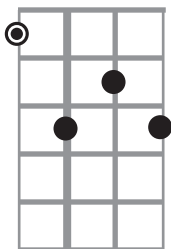
1 1 1 2

♭7 3 5 ROOT

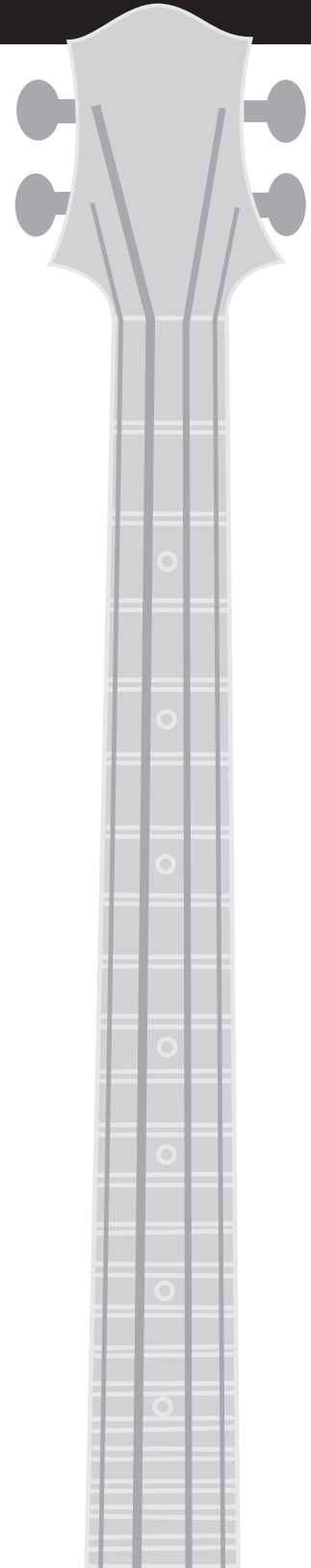


1 2 1 1

ROOT 5 ♭7 3

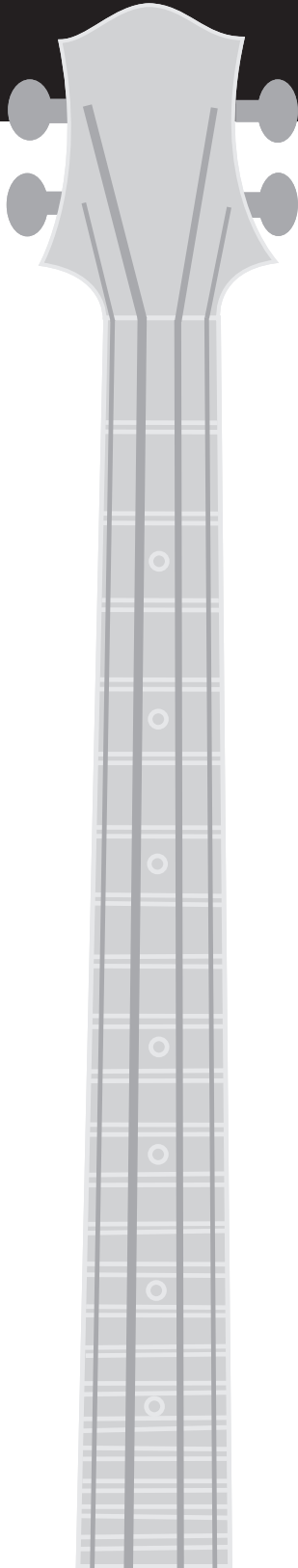


1 3 2 4



* All fingerings are recommended but not mandatory.





Basic Major Chord Types

7

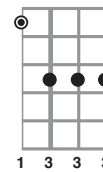
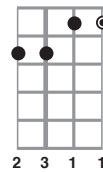
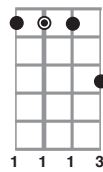
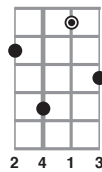
Learn the four seventh chord forms on page 10.

Notation*: 7, dom7

maj7

A major seventh chord is created by raising the seventh of a seventh chord one fret.

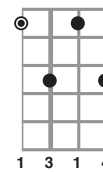
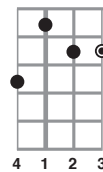
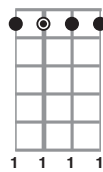
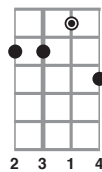
Notation: maj7, MAJ7, MA7, Δ7



6

A sixth chord is created by lowering the seventh of a seventh chord one fret.

Notation: 6, maj6, MAJ6, MA6, Δ6



* A root note is presumed to be in front of each notation.

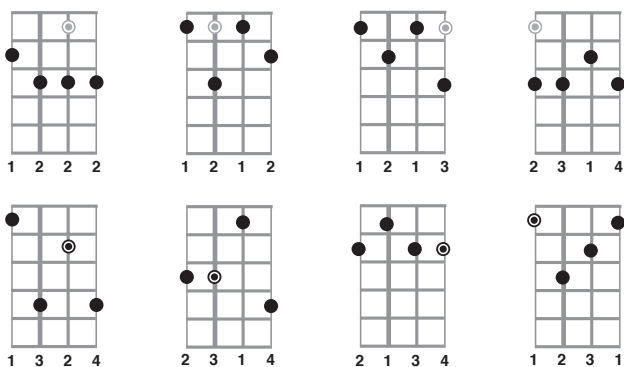


Upper Partial Ninths

9

A ninth chord is created by raising the root of a seventh chord two frets or lowering the third of a seventh chord two frets.

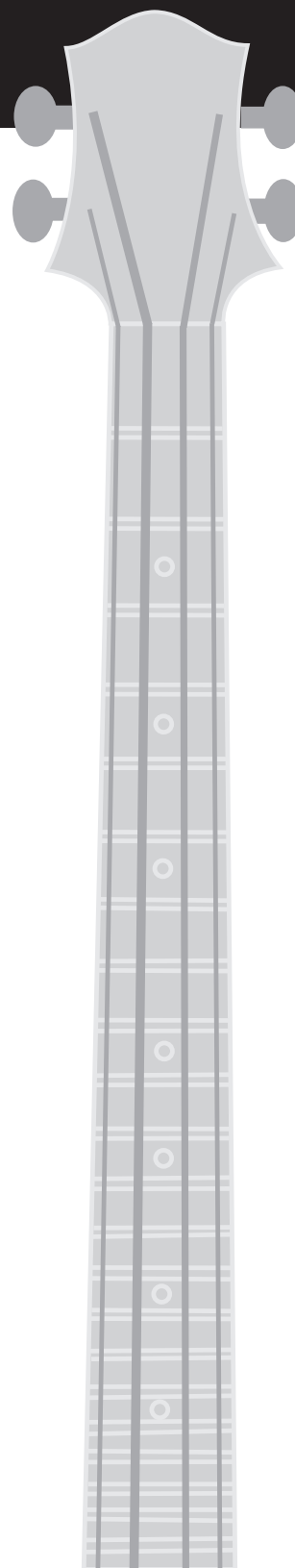
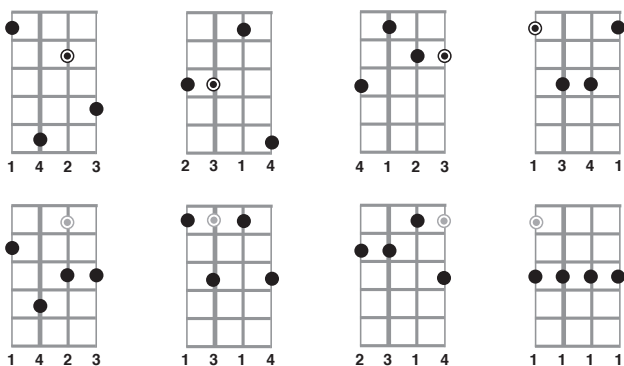
Notation: 9, 7⁽⁹⁾



maj9

A major ninth chord is created by raising the root of a major seventh chord two frets or lowering the third of a major seventh chord two frets.

Notation: maj9, maj7⁽⁹⁾, MAJ9, MAJ7⁽⁹⁾, MA9, MA7⁽⁹⁾, Δ9, Δ7⁽⁹⁾

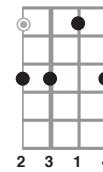
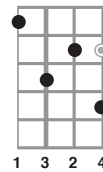
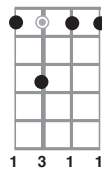
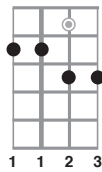


Upper Partial Ninths

6
9

A six nine chord is created by raising the root of a sixth chord two frets or lowering the third of a sixth chord two frets.

Notation: $6/9$, $6^{(9)}$, $\overset{6}{9}$



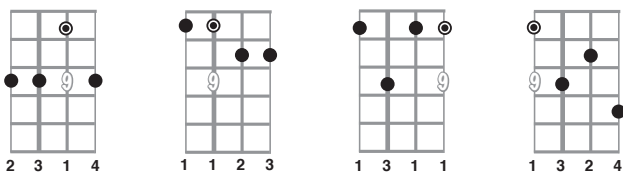
Major Chord Types

Upper Partial Elevenths

11

An eleventh chord is created by raising the third of a seventh chord one fret or lowering the fifth of a seventh chord two frets.

Notation: 11, 7(11)

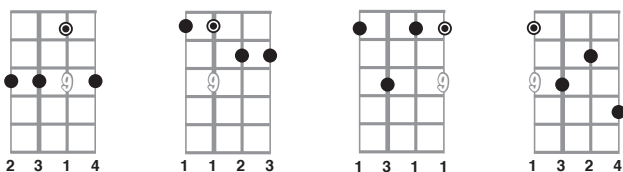


An optional ninth can be added by raising the root two frets or lowering the third two frets.

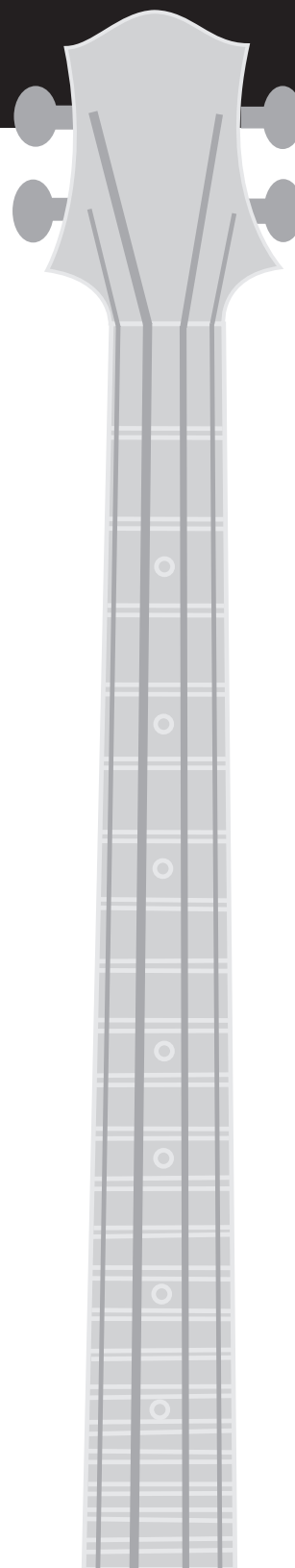
maj11

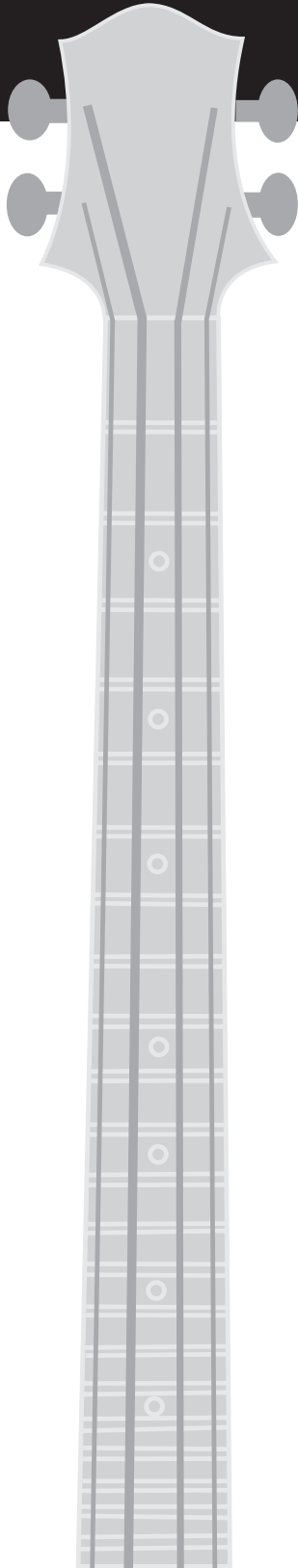
A major eleventh chord is created by raising the third of a major seventh chord one fret or lowering the fifth of a major seventh chord two frets.

Notation: maj11, maj7(11), MAJ11, MAJ7(11), MA11, MA7(11), Δ11, Δ7(11)



An optional ninth can be added by raising the root two frets or lowering the third two frets.



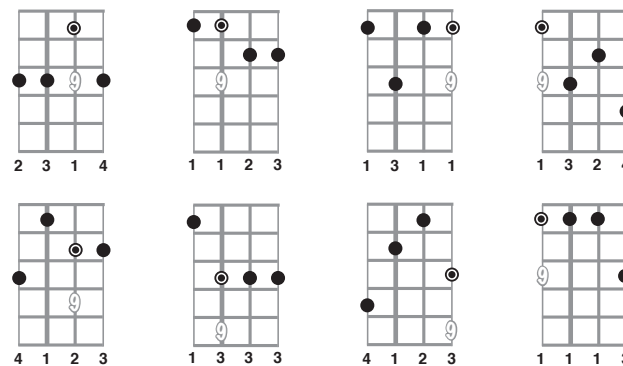


Upper Partial Elevenths

6
11

A six eleven chord is created by raising the third of a sixth chord one fret or lowering the fifth of a sixth chord two frets.

Notation: 6(11), $\overset{6}{11}$



An optional ninth can be added by raising the root two frets or lowering the third two frets.

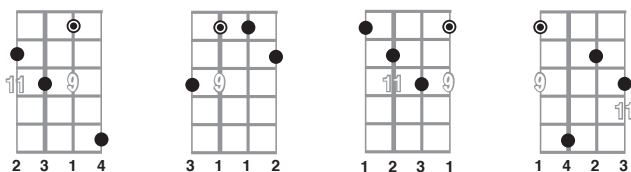


Upper Partial Thirteenths

13

A thirteenth chord is created by raising the fifth of a seventh chord two frets.

Notation: 13, 7(13)

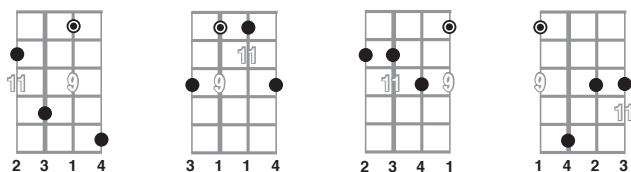


An optional ninth can be added by raising the root two frets or lowering the third two frets. An optional eleventh can be added by raising the third one fret.

maj13

A major thirteenth chord is created by raising the fifth of a major seventh chord two frets.

Notation: maj13, maj7(13), MAJ13, MAJ7(13), MA13, MA7(13), Δ13, Δ7(13)



An optional ninth can be added by raising the root two frets or lowering the third two frets. An optional eleventh can be added by raising the third one fret.

* * *

This completes the basic Major chord types. Repeat the process with the remaining string families.

